

SITE LEADER AND VOLUNTEER HANDBOOK







SANCTUARY OCEAN COUNT OFFICE CONTACT SHEET

BIG ISLAND

For questions, please contact the O`ahu Sanctuary office at: 1-888-55WHALE (1-888-559-4253)

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TABLE OF CONTENTS

Project Background	
Project Instructions	
Data Collection Instructions	Census Sheet
Data and Project Forms	
Humpback Whale Behaviors	
Wildlife Viewing Recommendation	s27
Guidelines for Whale Watching	
Guidelines for Documenting Violat	ions
Contact Information for Reporting	Violations & Incidents
Big Island Ocean Count Map	
Big Island Site Descriptions	
Kaua'i Ocean Count Map	
Kaua'i Site Descriptions	
Oʻahu Ocean Count Map	
Oʻahu Site Descriptions	
Volunteer Contact Sheet	



PROJECT BACKGROUND

Each winter, from approximately December to May, a portion of the endangered North Pacific humpback whale population migrates from their feeding grounds in Alaska to engage in breeding activities in the warm waters of Hawai'i.

Because Hawai'i's pristine marine environment is considered to be one of the most important breeding, calving and nursing grounds for humpback whales in the North Pacific, the Hawaiian Islands Humpback Whale National Marine Sanctuary is dedicated to protecting these resources. Humpback whale population numbers are still low and relatively unknown. In an effort to determine approximate population numbers and monitor distribution patterns over the years, the Sanctuary sponsors community events such as the Sanctuary Ocean Count.

The Sanctuary Ocean Count was initiated as a means to provide Hawai'i residents and visitors with the opportunity to actively participate in evaluating the status of humpback whales in their breeding grounds by conducting a yearly shore-based census during the peak breeding season. On occasion, boat-based surveys are conducted in geographical areas that are not covered by shore-based sites. Although the census does not claim to provide scientifically accurate results regarding abundance and distribution patterns of humpback whales around the main Hawaiian Islands, it serves as a tool to supplement scientific information gathered from other research activities. The count also serves to promote public awareness about humpback whales and shore-based whale watching opportunities, and to get a sense of how whales use inshore waters on an average peak season day.

The first count was conducted in February 1996 on Oʻahu, with approximately 150 volunteers. In 1999, the Big Island was added to the effort, and Kauaʻi came on board in 2000. To date, the Sanctuary Ocean Count covers 60 sites on three islands, with an enlistment of over 2000 volunteers.



PROJECT INSTRUCTIONS

SAFETY GUIDELINES

Safety is a primary concern for all of our volunteers. If weather or environmental conditions become dangerous during the ocean count, stop the effort and vacate the area to ensure the safety of yourself and others. We recommend that you take all necessary precautions while whale watching, as weather and environmental conditions at some of these shore sites can be unpredictable. We advise all volunteers to wear proper clothing and footwear at all times. Never turn your back to the ocean or walk along steep cliffs along the ocean.

IN THE FIELD

Wear appropriate clothing based on the morning's anticipated weather conditions. Essential items include hats, sunglasses, sunscreen, water, watches, something to write on (e.g., clipboard), and pens or pencils. A pair of binoculars or a spotting scope is very helpful but not required. Optional items include beach chairs or mats, rain jackets or umbrellas and cellular telephones for emergencies.

SITE INFORMATION

Please review the site descriptions in the handbook in order to prepare for the Sanctuary Ocean Count. Facilities and restrictions vary for each location. Please note some sites have specific restrictions (e.g., no pets, no food in area, permit must be obtained). Site descriptions are updated annually based on comments from volunteers. Please feel free to provide additional information about your site to Sanctuary staff so information can remain current. After the count, feel free to provide additional information about your site to the count coordinators so that the information can be kept up-to-date.

SITE LEADER RESPONSIBILITIES

Mandatory Site Leader Training:

- Site leaders are selected for each Ocean Count Site prior to the training session.
- Site leaders will learn the methods to be used in conducting the count.
- They will also learn more about the roles of a site leader.

Following Site Leader Training:

- Be prepared to receive calls from volunteer participants at your site. If possible, record each group member's name and phone number on the volunteer contact sheets provided in the back of the handbook (count coordinators will provide the contact site leader with a list of volunteers prior to each count).
- Select an area and time to meet at your site location on the day of the count.
 Consideration should be given to safety, comfort, and the level of impact to the site.
- Remind participants in your group to bring essential items.
- Find out if any participants require special needs and inform count coordinators.

On the day of the Event:

- Arrange to have all volunteers meet at the site at least one half-hour prior to the count (7:30 a.m.) to go over instructions and get settled. Some sites may need to meet earlier depending on the location (see Site Descriptions). Provide guidance on how to sight whales and how the data collection will be done. A brief background on humpback whales is also helpful since many participants may not be familiar with them.
- Sign in all participants and make sure everyone provides their contact information.
- Designate two volunteers to complete the Site Map form (follow instructions provided under Data Collection).
- Designate the remaining volunteers to complete the Behavior Sheets.
- Fill out the Census Sheets.
- Keep a copy of the whale behavior information card available for reference.
- Have fun and talk to media about the project if they show up at the site.
- Call the appropriate Sanctuary office within one hour of the count to report census and volunteer information so a tally can be provided to the media.
- Mail or deliver all completed data sheets and forms to the appropriate office.



VOLUNTEER RESPONSIBILITIES

- Call your site leader prior to the count to receive meeting instructions, etc.
- Arrive at your site at the appropriate time on the day of the count. Be sure to bring along any necessary items (e.g., hat, sunglasses, water, binoculars).
- Follow the instructions given by the site leader(s). Detailed descriptions of volunteer duties are available in the Data Collection Instructions and Data Collection Forms section of the handbook.
- Turn in your completed data sheets to the site leader.

If you have any questions, please feel free to call the appropriate Sanctuary office.

Big Island 1-888-55WHALE Kaua'i 246-2860 O'ahu 397-2651

Mahalo for all of your time and effort.



DATA COLLECTION INSTRUCTIONS

Each site will have 3 types of datasheets:

- Census Sheet to be completed by site leaders
- Behavior Sheet to be completed by each volunteer
- Site Map Sheet to be completed by a selected team of 2 volunteers

CENSUS SHEET (SITE LEADERS ONLY)

- 1. Position yourself at the site.
- 2. Start counting precisely at the times specified on the sheet (0800, 0830, 0900, 0930, 1000,1030, 1100, 1130, 1200).
- 3. Slowly scan your site from left to right, spending an equal amount of time in each area of water.
- 4. Each time you see a whale, tally it on the sheet using a bar (in the space for Adults if it is an adult and in the space for Calves if it is a calf).
- 5. Do not recount whales within a 15 minute period.
- 6. Finish counting exactly 15 minutes after you started (0815, 0845, 0915, 0945, 1015, 1045, 1115, 1145, 1215).
- 7. Only count whales that are at the surface during the 15 minutes of the count.
- 8. Tally your bars and put the total sum in parenthesis next to the bars. This will help the data analysts who might otherwise have to interpret II as either "eleven" or "two".
- 9. Complete the visibility chart on the third page of the Census Sheet for each indicated time period.
- 10. Make sure you have included the site's elevation on your census sheet. This information is available in the Site Description section of the handbook.

If you see something other than a humpback whale during the count:

- 1. Establish what it is (spinner dolphin, or simply some kind of dolphin, or other animal).
- 2. Turtles and seals can be reported to the Sanctuary but do not need to be counted on the census sheet.
- 3. Do not try to establish if there are calves, count all animals as adults.
- 4. Write the total number of animals in the appropriate space.



BEHAVIOR SHEET (ALL VOLUNTEERS)

It is advisable that volunteers work in pairs - one monitoring whales and calling behaviors, the other writing them down. Volunteers can exchange tasks. This activity will be conducted in half-hour increments continuously from 0800 - 1200.

- 1. Start and stop observations precisely at the specified times on the data sheet.
- 2. Monitor all the whales that can be seen from your position.
- 3. The data sheet identifies various humpback whale behaviors. Each time a behavior is witnessed, mark the appropriate column on the data sheet with a bar. Describe what is happening in your own words in the comments section on the Behavior Sheet. Use additional sheets if necessary. Record the time before the description. At the end of each 30 minute period, total the bars under each behavior and circle that number. If you take a break please note your absence rather than a "0" count.
- 4. Complete the visibility chart on the back of the Behavior Sheet for each time period.

How to fill in columns on the data sheet:

- NUMBER OF ADULTS Write in the total number of animals that appear to be adults. The
 only way to estimate this is by noting animal size, which is usually apparent by the size of the
 blow.
- **NUMBER OF CALVES -** This is often difficult to estimate. If you are not able to establish the number of calves, indicate if calves were present (P) or absent (A).
- **BREACH** Record the number of times this behavior occurs. A breach occurs when the whale breaks clear of the water with its full body and returns to the water with a large splash.
- SLAP Record the number of times this behavior occurs. Here, a whale slaps its tail, head, or pectoral fin on the water creating small splashes, but the main body of the animal remains underwater.
- **BLOW** Record the number of times this behavior occurs. A blow occurs when you see a spout (the whale is taking a breath). Sometimes you may not see a blow, but the whale surfaces and then dives again.
- FLUKE UP DIVE Record the number of times this behavior occurs. In this behavior, the tail of the whale appears out of the water in an upward arch and slowly rolls underwater in conjunction with a dive.

Some general terms to use in the comment section:

- TRAVELING A continuous directional movement with frequent surface intervals.
- SURFACE ACTIVE Whale is breaching, tail or fluke slapping, spy-hopping.
- NURSING Whale is motionless. Calf's snout is below and on the side of the body.
- **STATIONARY DIVE** Whale dives for prolonged periods of time and surfaces at the same location. This is an indication of singing or resting for humpback whales.
- MILLING Whales remain at the surface; moving slowly and with no directionality.



SITE MAP SHEET (SELECTED VOLUNTEERS)

Prior to 10:30 a.m., the site leader should assign 2 volunteers to complete this task. This activity will be conducted from 10:30 a.m. to 11:00 a.m.

- 1. Prior to 10:30 a.m., draw a map of your site, with special care given to the geographic layout of the area. Note which direction is North, South, East and West.
- 2. Record the elevation of the site in the space provided. This information is available in the site description section of the handbook.
- 3. Complete the visibility section on the Site Map based on conditions between 10:30 a.m. and 11:00 a.m.
- 4. Mark your position at 10:30 a.m. and do not change this position until you have finished mapping all the whales present. Scan the water from 10:30 a.m. to 11:00 a.m.
- 5. Draw a circle for the position of each pod of whales you spot. If the pod is a single whale, draw a small circle. Draw a bigger circle for pods of more than one whale. Indicate how many whales each circle corresponds to (next to, or inside of each circle).
- 6. If the circle represents a mother/calf pair, indicate this with "M/C." For a mother/calf/escort write "M/C/E."
- 7. Estimate your distance from each pod using the distance estimation tool and sheet (explained below). It will be necessary to know the approximate elevation at your site.
- 8. Draw lines from your location on the map to the whale and write the distance along the line. **How to measure the distance of a whale from the observer:**

The distance between the observed whale and the observer will be calculated using a ruler and a distance table (see page 8).

Using the Ruler:

- 1. The ruler is to be held vertically in one hand outstretched to the target whale's location. The 0 inch mark on the ruler is to be lined up with the horizon.
- 2. When the target is spotted, slide the encircling index card up or down the ruler so that the black line on the index card lines up with the whale.
- 3. Use your thumb to hold the index crd in place and note the measurement on the ruler (in sixteenths of an inch). You may lower your arm.

Using the Table:

- Determine your observation elevation by adding the elevation of your ocean count site (in feet above sea level) plus an additional 5 feet (to account for height of the observer's outstretched hand above the ground). Find the nearest observation elevation on the table. This is the second row of numbers starting at 10 feet.
- 2. Once you have found your nearest observation elevation, search down the column for the measurement you have taken from the ruler (in sixteenths of an inch).
- 3. Look over to the corresponding number (along the same row) in column one. This is the distance in miles between the observer and the whale. This number can be expressed as a range (example: .78 to .95 miles)
- 4. Note this distance on your observation form.



This is a distance-estimating cross-reference table for selected values of distance and elevation.

The distance (in miles) to an object of interest is listed in the left column.

The observation elevation above sea level (in feet) is listed along the top row. The distance to the horizon is listed above each elevation value for reference.

The calculated value for the "apparent space" (between "the horizon line" and an object of interest) is listed at the intersection of each row and column combination.

Note: The calculated value for the "apparent space" is rounded to the nearest 1/16th of an inch. The use of the table requires the following steps:

The "apparent space", between the horizon line and the line of sight to the object of interest, is measured with a ruler held 24 inches from the observer's eyes. In the column labeled with the value nearest to that of that of the observer's elevation above sea level, locate the value nearest to that of the "apparent space" measured. In the left-hand column, on the same row as the selected value of "apparent space", is listed the value to the object of interest (in miles).

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Note: Although accuracy may be improved with the use of interpolation, accuracy will be most improved by careful measurement of the "apparent space". This is especially true when the "apparent space" is small and the distance to the oblect of interest is large.	21.9	265	4 12/16	4 5/16	3 15/16	3 9/16		2 15/16	2 11/16	2 7/16	2 3/16	2	1 13/16	1 10/16	1 8/16	1 5/16	1 3/16	1 2/16	-	14/16	13/16	12/16	11/16	10/16	9/16	8/16	2//16	6/16	6/16	5/16	4/16	4/16	4/16	3/16	3/16	2/16	2/16	2/16
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AT THE END OF THE COUNT

- 1. Fill in the recorder's name, address and phone number as well as the required site information on the data sheets and hand them to the site leader.
- 2. Make sure each sheet is legible and complete.
- 3. You are welcome to include notes and explanations on an additional sheet

If you have any questions, please feel free to call the appropriate Sanctuary office.

Big Island 1-888-55-WHALE Kauaʻi 246-2860 Oʻahu 397-2651

Mahalo to Leo Brenaman who developed the distance tool and table for the 2001 count on Kaua'i and shared his invention with the Sanctuary staff.



SANCTUARY OCEAN COUNT PARTICIPANT SIGNIN SHEET

Site Name:

NAME	NAME	ANDRESS	# JNOHd	FMAIL
	-			
	1 (Site Leader)			A STATE OF THE STA
7	2 (Site Leader)			
3				
4				
5				
9				
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6				
10				
11				
12	2			
13	3			
14	•			
15				
16	9			
17	2			
18	8			
19				
20				



SANCTUARY OCEAN COUNT CENSUS SHEET (SAMPLE)

Date:		Site #:	Site	Site Name:
Site Leader:			PI PI	Phone #:
bserve area	Observe area for 15 minutes then tally	tally all observations:		
TIME	SPECIES	ADULTS	CALVES	COMMENTS
0080	Humpback Whales	12	4	Whales in three pods
	Spinner Dolphins	0	n/a	
-	Other Species	0	n/a	Specify species:
•	Other Species		n/a	Specify species:
TIME	SPECIES	ADULTS	CALVES	COMMENTS
0830	Humpback Whales	8	2	Whales in two pods
	Spinner Dolphins	0	n/a	
	Other Species	0	n/a	Specify species:
ı	Other Species		n/a	Specify species:
TIME	SPECIES	ADULTS	CALVES	COMMENTS
0060	Humpback Whales	12	4	Whales in three pods
	Spinner Dolphins	15	n/a	
1	Other Species	5	n/a	Specify species: Bottlenose dolphins
•	Other Species		n/a	Specify species:
TIME	SPECIES	ADULTS	CALVES	COMIMENTS
0630	Humpback Whales	3	0	May have missed a whale
	Spinner Dolphins		n/a	
	Other Species		n/a	Specify species:
	Other Species		n/a	Specify species:
TIME	SPECIES	ADULTS	CALVES	COMMENTS
1000	Humpback Whales	11	2	One calf was bigger and could have been misidentified
1	Spinner Dolphins		n/a	
•	Other Species		n/a	Specify species:
	Other Species		n/a	Specify species:



SANCTUARY OCEAN COUNT CENSUS SHEET (SAMPLE) VISIBILITY CHECK SHEET

	Heavy Wind Y N Strong Medium Medium Light	Code	(do not write in here – code will be decided by data analyst)		Heavy Wind Y N Strong Medium Light	Code	(do not write in here – code will be decided by data analyst)		Heavy Wind Y N Strong Medium Light	/isibility Code (do not write in here – code will be decided by data analyst)		Heavy Wind Y N Strong Medium Medium Light Light	Visibility Code (do not write in here – code will be decided by data analyst)
	N Heavy Haze Y N Medium Light	N High Visibility Code	Medium (do not v Small/None		N Heavy Haze Y N Medium Light	N High Visibility Code	Im None		N Heavy Haze Y N Medium Light	N High Visibility Code Medium (do not write in Small/None		N Heavy Haze Y N Medium Light	N High Visibility Code _ Medium (do not write in 1 Small/None
	Rain Y	Swell Y			Rain Y	Swell Y			Rain Y	Swell Y		Rain Y	Swell Y
0060-0	N Heavy Medium Light		Some	-1000	N Heavy Medium Light	Z	200	-1100	Heavy Medium Light	None None		Y N Heavy Medium Light	N Lots Some None
1.0800-0900	Fog	Foam Y		2. 0901-1000	Fog	Foam Y		3, 1001-1100	Fog Y	Foam Y	4.1101-1215	Fog Y	Foam Y



SANCTUARY OCEAN COUNT CENSUS SHEET

Date:	Site #:	S	Site Name:		Site Elevation:
2	Observe area for 15 minutes then tally a	then tally all observations:		Phone #:	
1000	SPECIES	ADULIS	ADULIS CALVES		COMMENTS
	Humpback Whales				
	Spinner Dolphins		n/a		
	Other Species		n/a	Specify species:	
+					

		A PART CONTRACTOR						
				COMMENTS				
		Specify species:	Specify species:				Specify species:	Specify species:
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				ADULTS CALVES				
Humpback Whales	Spinner Dolphins	Other Species	Other Species	SPECIES	Humpback Whales	Spinner Dolphins	Other Species	Other Species
0800	-	•	1	TIME	0830		•	•

S	TIME	SPECIES	ADULTS	ADULTS CALVES	COMMENTS
Spinner Dolphins n/a Specify species: Other Species n/a Specify species: Other Species n/a Specify species: SPECIES ADULTS CALVES Humpback Whales n/a Spinner Dolphins n/a Spinner Dolphins n/a Specify species:	0060	Humpback Whales			
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Humpback Whales Spinner Dolphins n/a	TIME	SPECIES	ADULTS	CALVES	COMMENTS
n/a	0630	Humpback Whales			
6/4		Spinner Dolphins		n/a	
II/a		Other Species		n/a	Specify species:

COMMENTS			n/a Specify species:	Canadiga
ADULTS CALVES		n/a	n/a	-1-
SPECIES ADI	Humpback Whales	Spinner Dolphins	Other Species	Out. Carrier
TIME	1000	1		

Specify species:

Other Species

SANCTUARY OCEAN COUNT CENSUS SHEET

Date:	Site #:	Site Name:	Site Elevation:
Site Leader:		Phone #:	
Observe area for 15 minutes th	then tally all observations:	ons:	

Observe area for 15 minutes then tally all observations: TIME SPECIES ADULTS CALVES COMMENTS 1030 Humpback Whales n/a pecify species: - Other Species n/a Specify species: - Other Species n/a Specify species:	Out Council.					
n/a Specify species: n/a Specify species:	Observe area	for 15 minutes then tally a	Il observations			
	TIME	SPECIES	ADULTS	CALVES	COMMENTS	
	1030	Humpback Whales				
	•	Spinner Dolphins		n/a		
	-	Other Species		n/a	Specify species:	
	•	Other Species		n/a	Specify species:	

TIME	SPECIES	ADULTS	ADULTS CALVES	COMMENTS
1100	Humpback Whales			
	Spinner Dolphins		n/a	
	Other Species		n/a	Specify species:
-	Other Species		n/a	n/a Specify species:

TIME	SPECIES	ADULTS	ADULTS CALVES	COMMENTS
1130	Humpback Whales			
-	Spinner Dolphins		n/a	
1	Other Species		n/a	Specify species:
	Other Species		n/a	n/a Specify species:
TIME	SPECIES	ADULTS	ADULTS CALVES	COMMENTS
1200	Humnhack Whales		TOTAL STREET	

			A Brown St. Com. March.	
COMMENTS				
			Specify species:	Specify species:
CALVES		n/a	n/a	n/a
ADULTS CALVES				
SPECIES	Humpback Whales	Spinner Dolphins	Other Species	Other Species
TIME	1200	-	1	

SANCTUARY OCEAN COUNT CENSUS SHEET VISIBILITY CHECK SHEET

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Lots Some None

Rain

Wind Y

Heavy Medium Light

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Please mail or deliver completed forms to the appropriate Sanctuary office.

Foam Y

SANCTUARY OCEAN COUNT BEHAVIOR SHEET (SAMPLE)

Name:	Island:	
Address:	Site # / Name:	
	Date:	
Phone:	Start Time:	
B-Mail:	End Time:	
Observe humpback whale activity at your site:		

Time	Number of Adults	Number of Calves	Breach	Slap (Pectoral fin, Fluke, Head)	Blow	Fluke Up Dive
0800-0830	2	1	7	2	0	1
0831-0900	2	-	0	5	0	1
0901-0930	3	1	0	10	0	2
0931-1000	3	-	15	3	0	3
1001-1030	2	0	2	1	0	S
1031-1100	4	2	3	0	1	2
1101-1130	10	2	0	0	2	8
1131-1200	1	0	1	7	0	3

0942 – The 3 whales are a mother/calf/escort type of pod and the calf is performing most of the breaching. Mother is recalling the calf with tail slaps. 1022 – The previous group left the area and two whales arrived in separate pods. The main activity is prolonged dives. Not much time is spent at the Describe the behavior if none of the above is occurring (Are the whales moving out of the area? Are they diving for long periods of time?):

1048 - Mother/calf/escort pod (3) plus mother/calf pod two miles apart. All whales are moving through the area.

1115 - Lots of whale activity. Most whales appear to be moving through. Long dives.



		CONTINUE WITH YOUR COMMENTS HE	All whales in the area where in general moving through for the duration of the observations. On one occasion an escort	from one 3 whale pod moved to another pod.									
(SAMPLE) Island: Site # / Name:		Visibility (use the scheme provided below to summarize visibility status for each hour) CON 1. 0800-0900	Heavy Haze Y N Heavy Wind Y N Strong All Medium Medium Medium mo Light Light Obs	High Visibility Code Medium (do not write here - code will be decided by data analyst) pod.		Heavy Haze Y N Heavy Wind Y N Strong Medium Medium Medium Light Light	High Visibility Code Modium (do not write here – code will be decided by data analyst) Small/None		Heavy Haze Y N Heavy Wind Y N Strong Medium Medium Medium Light Light	High Visibility Code Medium (do not write here – code will be decided by data analyst) Small/None		Heavy Haze Y N Heavy Wind Y N Strong Medium Medium Light Light	High Visibility Code Medium (do not write here – code will be decided by data analyst) Small/None
		i below	M He	Z E E		E W He	Z W H		N He	M. M		E M H	M. M
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	rver:	the scher	Heavy Medium Light	Lots Some None	A THE STATE	Heavy Medium Light	Lots Some None		Heavy Medium Light	Lots Some None		Heavy Medium Light	Lots Some None
	Name of Observer:	(nse	z		000	z		100	Z		200	Z	z
10	jo a	ollity 00-0	E .	>	01-1	E	>	3, 1001-1100	*	>	01-1	*	
Date:	Nam	Visibility (us	Fog	Foam	2. 0901-1000	Fog	Foam	3.10	Fog	Foam Y	4.1101-1200	Fog	Foam

SANCTUARY OCEAN COUNT BEHAVIOR SHEET

Fluke Up Dive Blow SANCTUARY OCEAN COUNT Site # / Name: Start Time: End Time: BEHAVIOR SHEET Island: Date: Slap (Pectoral fin, Fluke, Head) Breach Observe humpback whale activity at your site: Number of Calves Number of Adults 0831-0900 0901-0930 1101-1130 0800-0830 0931-1000 1001-1030 1031-1100 1131-1200 Address: Time



E-Mail:

Phone:

Name:

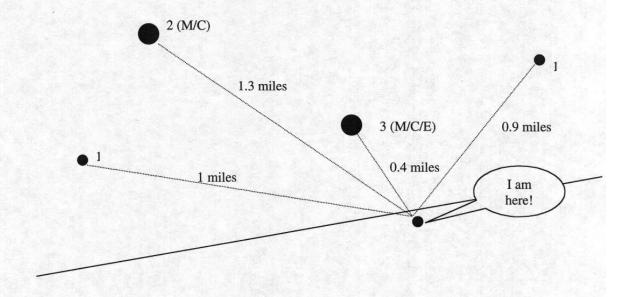
CONTINUE WITH YOUR COMMENTS HERE Site # / Name: SANCTUARY OCEAN COUNT Visibility Code (do not write here – code will be decided by data analyst) (do not write here - code will be decided by data analyst) Visibility Code (do not write here – code will be decided by data analyst) Visibility Code (do not write here – code will be decided by data analyst) Strong Medium Light Strong Medium Light Strong Medium Light Strong Medium Light BEHAVIOR SHEET Z Visibility (use the scheme provided below to summarize visibility status for each hour) Wind Y Wind Wind Wind Heavy Medium Heavy Medium Light Heavy Medium Light Light Visibility Code z Island: Haze Haze High Medium Small/None High Medium Small/None High Medium Small/None High Medium Small/None Heavy Medium Heavy Medium Light Light Z Z z Z × × Swell Swell Swell Swell Rain Rain Rain Rain Heavy Medium Light Heavy Heavy Lots Some None Lots Some None Lots Some None Lots Some None Light Light Name of Observer: 1.0800-0900 2, 0901-1000 3.1001-1100 4. 1101-1200 z z z Z Z Z Z Fog Y Foam Y Foam Y Date: Fog Foam Foam Fog Fog

PAGE 19

SANCTUARY OCEAN COUNT SITE MAP (SAMPLE)

Date:			Island:				
Site # / Nam	e / Elevation:				/		
Volunteer N	ame(s):						i yezh
Visibility: 1		Heavy Rain Y Medium Light	N Heavy Medium Light	Haze Y N	Heavy Medium Light	Wind Y N	Strong Medium Light
1	Foam Y N	Lots Swell Y Some None	O -		y Code write in here – co	ode will be decided	
		Observat	ion Time: 1030	am - 1100 a	m		

Draw a map of your site and specify your observation spot



Between 1030 and 1100 map all the pods present at your site using a dot. Next to the dot, write the number of whales in the pod (could be only one), and if there is a mother/calf pair write (M/C) next to the number, or for a mother/calf/escort group, write (M/C/E). Estimate their distance from you using the distance estimation sheet included in your package. Draw lines from you to the whale and write the distance along the line. Be sure to include the elevation of your site in the space provided above. See example provided on the back of this sheet.



SANCTUARY OCEAN COUNT SITE MAP

Date:							Is	land:								
Site # / Na	me / I	Elev	ation:		/		\$ 5					/_				
Volunteer	Name	(s):														
Visibility:	Fog	Y	N	Heavy Medium Light	Rain	Y	N	Heavy Medium Light	Haze	Y	N	Heavy Medium Light	Wind	Y	N	Strong Medium Light
	Foam	Y	N	Lots Some None	Swell	Y	N	High Medium Small/None		(0		y Code write in here	- code wil	l be d	ecided	by data

Observation Time: 1030 a.m. – 1100 a.m. Draw a map of your site and specify your observation spot

Between 1030 and 1100 map all the pods present at your site using a dot. Next to the dot, write the number of whales in the pod (could be only one), and if there is a mother/calf pair write (M/C) next to the number, or for a mother/calf/escort group, write (M/C/E). Estimate their distance from you using the distance estimation sheet included in your package. Draw lines from you to the whale and write the distance along the line. Be sure to include the elevation of your site in the space provided above. See example provided on the back of this sheet.



SANCTUARY OCEAN COUNT

SITE LEADER'S REPORT & EVALUATION

Event Date:

	Please help us obtain a clearer picture of your ocean count experience by providing comments on the following		
	Site Location:		
	Location Description (landmarks,etc):		
	Transportation (how did you get to your site, was it easily accessible to the main road?):		
	Parking Accommodations (was there adequate and safe parking?):		
	Weather Conditions (windy, rainy, etc.):		
	Ocean & Environmental Conditions (visibility, heavy boat traffic, presence of marine debris, etc.):		
	General Observations (the total number of whales, dolphins, turtles, etc.):		
	Unusual Animal Behavior (did you witness any noteworthy behaviors or interactions?):		
).	Special Equipment Used (binoculars, spotting scopes, etc.):		
0	Problems Experienced:		
1	Start Time: 12. Finish Time:		
2	Would you be interested in being a Site Leader again next year?		

SANCTUARY OCEAN COUNT VOLUNTEER COMMENTS AND EVALUATION

Name (Optional):	Date:	
Site Location:	Site #:	
. Is this your first time participating in the Sanctuary Ocean Count?		
2. Were you provided with sufficient information to conduct the count? If not, why?		
3. Would you suggest training sessions be offered to general volunteers?		
I. If so, what training topics would you like to have covered?		
5. Was the data recording process easy to understand and perform? 5. If not, what would you suggest to make data collection more understand.	andable?	
7. Would you recommend using this site again next year?		
3. What other site locations would you suggest?		
O. How did the Ocean Count experience meet with your expectations?		
O. What other suggestions would you offer to make the Ocean Count morganized?	nore enjoyable, effective or	



SANCTUARY OCEAN COUNT SITE SURVEY

Island:	Site Location:	Site #:
Name of Site Leader:		Date:
Directions to site:		
	hiking, offroad, etc.):	
Facilities at the site (Y	'es or No):	
1. Restrooms	4. Handicapped accessibility	
2. Parking	5. Drinking water	
3. Telephone	6. Shaded areas	
	ultural or historical significance, geographic la	
TENNETH STATE OF THE STATE OF		
Additional comments:		



HUMPBACK WHALE BEHAVIORS

PHOTO: Suzanne Canja

BLOW or SPOUT

On average, adult humpback whales take a breath every ten to fifteen minutes, but can remain submerged for as long as forty-five minutes. Calves must rise to the surface every three to five minutes to breathe.



PHOTO: Suzanne Canja

PEC SLAP

Humpbacks will often roll onto their side or back and slowly slap the water's surface with one fin or both fins simultaneously. The slapping of fins may serve as a communication signal to other whales.



PHOTO: Suzanne Canja

TAIL SLAP

A tail slap consists of a whale raising its tail flukes out of the water and slapping them forcefully on the surface of the water. Humpback whales are known to repeat this behavior over and over. This may serve as a warning to others.



PHOTO: Suzanne Canja

PEDUNCLE SLAP

An aggressive display where the whale will thrash the surface of the water by whipping its upraised flukes from side to side. Humpbacks will slap the surface as a warning signal to others or bash other whales during competition.





PHOTO: Doug Perrine/HWRF/Seapics.com/

FLOAT

A humpback remains at the surface of the water without moving. This often indicates that the whale is resting or is singing. Mothers typically remain close to the surface with their calves to help them breathe.

HEAD RISE or SPY HOP

A whale slowly rises vertically toward the surface, poking its head out of the water to just below its eyes. Some believe this behavior allows the humpback whale to get a better look at activity going on above the surface.



PHOTO: Suzanne Canja



PHOTO: Doug Perrine/HWRF/Seapics.com/ NOAA Fisheries permit #882

FLUKE UP DIVE

The tail of the whale appears out of the water in an upward arch and slowly rolls underwater in conjunction with a dive.



PHOTO: Suzanne Canja

BREACH

A powerful acrobatic display where the humpback uses its tail to launch itself out of the water. With just a few pumps of its tail, the humpback can propel its entire bdy into the air, landing back onto the surface with a splash.



WILDLIFE VIEWING RECOMMENDATIONS

The National Oceanographic and Atmospheric Administration's (NOAA) National Ocean Service and NOAA Fisheries are members of the National Watchable Wildlife Program, a collaborative effort by numerous federal and state agencies, environmental groups and private industry working to promote responsible wildlife viewing and nature appreciation. Together, we recommend the following "Code of Conduct" for viewing wild mammals and sea turtles in Hawai'i.

- 1. Please view wild marine mammals from an appropriate distance at least 50 yards for dolphins and monk seals. For humpback whales, approaches closer than 100 yards are prohibited by regulation. Using binoculars and telephoto lenses offer a minimally intrusive viewing experience. Please also observe sea turtles from a distance and do not attemp to touch, ride or feed them.
- 2. Please give spinner dolphins their space in resting areas where mothers and calves are especially vulnerable to human activities.
- 3. Be aware that feeding wild marine mammals is illegal and feeding a wild marine mammal causes it to become dependent on humans, changes its natural behaviors, and makes it vulnerable to injury from vessel strikes and illness from contaminated or inappropriate food.
- 4. Always remember that wild marine mammals, like all wild animals, are unpredictable in their behavior, and can seriously injure people.

By following the "Code of Conduct," you can make a difference by ensuring that marine wildlife viewing will be rewarding today and for many generations to come. The National Ocean Service and NOAA Fisheries hope your time spent viewing Hawai'i's marine wildlife is memorable, enjoyable, educational, and safe.

GUIDELINES FOR WHALE WATCHING

As Sanctuary Ocean Count vounteers, you may see a significant amount of recreational and whale watching activity on the water. In past years, volunteers have witnessed incidents of whale harassment and whale approach violations, but were unsure how to report them. The following are federal guidlines for whale watching on the water:

GENERAL

By regulation, no one is allowed to approach closer than 100 yards to a humpback whale. No one is allowed to disrupt the normal behavior or prior activity of a humpback whale by any other act or ommission.

AIRCRAFT

By regulation, no one is allowed to operate any aircraft within 1,000 feet of a humpback whale.

BOATS/VESSELS

No one may maneuver closer than 100 yards of a humpback whale and vessel operators must adhere to the following restriction:

- Never operate faster than the speed of the slowest whale when paralleling or following.
- Always maneuver so as not to separate whales, especially an adult from a calf.
- Never use a vessel to herd or drive whales.

ACCEPTABLE MANEUVERS

- SIDE APPROACH. When a boat is approaching a whale from either side, it may close the distance up to 100 yards and either parallel the whale or follow it at that distance.
- HEAD-ON APPROACH. When a boat is in the path of a whale, it should maneuver out of the whale's path and parallel or follow the whale at a distance of 100 yards.
- REAR APPROACH. When a boat is overtaking a whale, it should close the distance up to 100 yards and adjust its speed to that of the slowest whale.

UNACCEPTABLE MANEUVERS

- Running in front of or cutting across a whale's path.
- · Cutting the whale off from deep water.
- Surrounding the whale.
- Placing the vessel between a mother and calf.
- Leapfrogging a whale (a maneuver in which a boat positions itself in front of a whale, waits for it to pass, then leaps in front of the whale again).

Adherence to the above guidelines should prevent violations of the approach prohibitions and will help avoid harassment, which is the disruption of the normal behavioral patterns of humpback whales. Such disruptions are usually manifested by, but not limited to:

- Rapid change in direction and/or speed.
- Escape tactics such as prolonged diving and underwater course changes, underwater exhalation or evasive swimming patterns, including swimming away rapidly on the surface.
- Interruption of breeding, nursing, or resting activities.
- Actions by a female to shield a calf from a boat or human behavior, evidenced by tail swishing, slapping or by other protective movements.
- The abandonment of a previously frequented area.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION, CONTACT:

NOAA Fisheries Enforcement (808) 541-2727

NOAA Fisheries (808) 973-2937

Hawaiian Islands Humpback Whale National Marine Sanctuary

O'ahu: (808) 397-2651 or 1-888-55WHALE (toll free) Maui: (808) 879-2818 or 1-800-831-4888 (toll free)

Kaua'i: (808) 246-2860

Big Island: 1-888-55WHALE (toll free)



GUIDELINES FOR DOCUMENTING VIOLATIONS

In order for law enforcement authorities to respond to a reported violation in a timely manner and to successfully apprehend and prosecute violators, certain information is critical. This information must be accurately documented and reported to authorities immediately.

REMEMBER: Witnesses are not to approach or contact violators.

- 1. Type of violation (e.g. approach, harassment, other)
- 2. Date
- 3. Time
- 4. Location of violation
- 5. Type of vessel/equipment used in violation
 - Color(s)
 - Length
 - Name/home port
 - Identification numbers
 - Other descriptions
 - · Last known direction headed
 - Speed
- 6. Weather on scene
- 7. Visibility
- 8. Sea conditions
- 9. Behavior of animals prior to, during, and after incident
- 10. Photographs/video taken or available
- 11. Description of violation or comments
- 12. Reporting party's name
- 13. Temporary address & telephone number of reporting party if non-resident
- 14. Permanent address & telephone number
- 15. Other witnesses
- 16. Signature and date



CONTACT INFORMATION

For Reporting Violations, Strandings, or Other Incidents

To Report Marine Mammal Violations:

NOAA Fisheries Enforcement Hotline: (808) 541-2727 or 1-800-853-1964

U.S. Coast Guard: 1-800-552-6458

Department of Conservation and Resource Enforcement (DOCARE)

OʻAHU: (808) 587-0077 HILO: (808) 974-6208 KAMUELA: (808) 887-6196 KONA: (808) 323-3141 KAUAʻI: (808) 274-3521 LĀNAʻI: (808) 565-7916 MAUI: (808) 984-8110 MOLOKAʻI: (808) 553-5190

AFTER HOURS: Dial "0" and ask for enterprise 5469

To Report Marine Mammal Entanglements or Strandings

(Whales, Dolphins & Seals):

NOAA Fisheries Hotline: 1-888-256-9840

Police Department

HONOLULU: 911

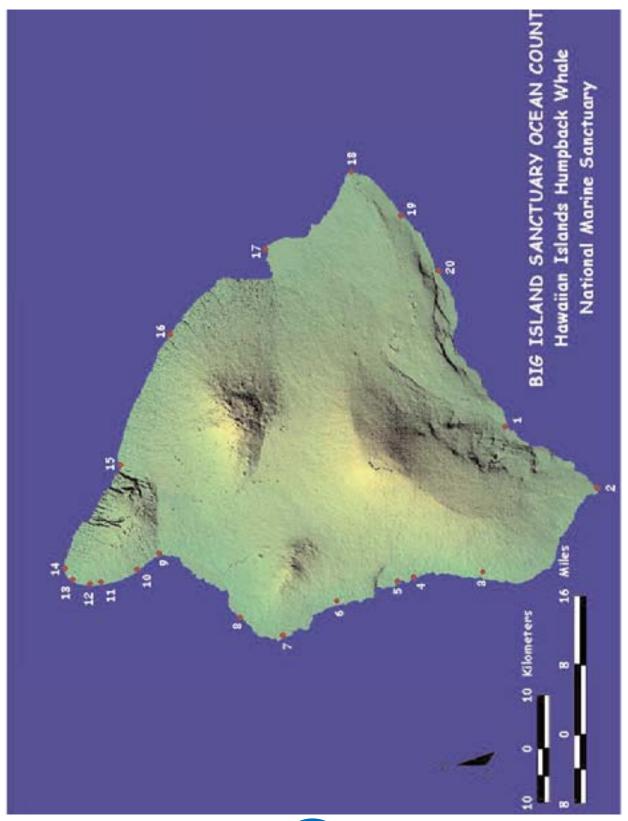
HAWAI'I: (808) 935-3311 KAUA'I: (808) 241-6711 MAUI: (808) 244-6400

To Report Injured or Stranded Sea Turtles:

NOAA Fisheries, Marine Turtle Research Program: (808) 983-5730

Department of Conservation and Resource Enforcement (DOCARE): See above.





BIG ISLAND SITE DESCRIPTIONS

SOUTH SHORE LOCATIONS

Site 1: Punalu'u Black Sand Beach Park

Directions: Site is located off Highway 11 (Māmalahoa Highway) near Punalu'u, just after mile marker

56. A road sign marks the site. Follow the paved road approximately 1 mile to the coast.

Road ends in the parking lot.

Parking: Adequate parking is available in the parking lot.

Facilities: Public restrooms, phones, drinking water and shade are available.

Elevation: 0-20 feet

Comments: Beautiful location. Good accessibility.

Bathymetry: The shoreline at this site is composed of seal cliffs, 3-10 m above sea level. Offshore

submarine bottoms are composed of basalt pavement or consolidated rock bottom or outcrops, as well as some massive boulders. The bottom drops off to approximately

15-75 ft. at a distance of 50 m offshore.

Site 2: Ka Lae Park

Directions: Turn off Highway 11 (Māmalahoa Highway) onto South Point Rd. and proceed to the end.

Follow the dirt road through the hole in the wall. Park down the hill where the ground

levels off.

Parking: Parking is available at the end of the dirt road. Not handicapped accessible.

Facilities: No information available.

Elevation: 20 feet

Comments: Ka Lae is the southernmost point in the U.S. It is visited by many tourists and local

fishermen.

Bathymetry: The shoreline at this site is composed of sea cliffs, 3-10 m above sea level. Offshore

submarine bottoms are composed of basalt pavement or consolidated rock bottom or outcrops, as well as some massive boulders. The bottom drops off to approximately

15-75 ft. at a distance of 50 m offshore.

Site 3: Miloli'i Lookout

Directions: Site is located on a side road off Highway 11 (Māmalahoa Highway). Look for a sign at

the top of the road reading "Miloli'i Beach Park". A small lookout area is located

approximately 2 miles down the paved one-lane road on the right.

Parking: Adequate parking available. **Facilities:** Public restrooms available.

Elevation: 250 feet

Comments: No information available.



Bathymetry: The shoreline at this site is composed of very low outcrops, abrasion ramps, benches and

is approximately at sea level. Offshore submarine bottoms are composed of basalt pavement with massive boulders, cobbles, basalt or limestone rubble and small boulders.

The bottom drops off to approximately 30-50 ft. at a distance of 100 m offshore.

KONA LOCATIONS

Site 4: Ho'okena Beach Park

Directions: Site is located at the end of Ho'okena Beach Road off Highway 11 (Māmalahoa Highway).

Road is between mile markers 101 and 102. Take the Oceanside turnoff and proceed

approximately 2 miles to the beach parking lot.

Parking: Adequate, safe park is available.

Facilities: Public restrooms and pavilions are available. Handicapped accessible.

Elevation: 20 feet

Comments: Ho'okena Beach Park is a popular swimming area.

Bathymetry: The shoreline at this site is composed of a dark sand beach. Offshore submarine bottoms

are composed of cobbles (basalt and limestone), small boulders and non-consolidated rubble. The bottom drops off to approximately 10-20 ft. at a distance of 100 m offshore.

Site 5: Honaunau

Directions: Site is located at the scenic overlook off Hōnaunau Road overlooking Pu'uhonua. Take

Māmalahoa Highway to the turnoff for Hōnaunau Historic National Park Road (near mile

marker 104). Approximately 3 miles off of the highway at the City of Refuge exit.

Park at the scenic lookout about 1/4 mile above the National Park entrance. Parking

available for 8-10 cars.

Facilities: No drinking water, public phones, or shade are available. Restrooms are available at the

park. Handicapped accessible.

Elevation: 20-40 feet

Comments: Good vantage point. A ridge to the south prevents nearshore observations.

Bathymetry: The shoreline at this site is composed of very low outcrops, abrasion ramps, benches and

is approximately at sea level. Offshore submarine bottoms are composed of cobbles (basalt and limestone), small boulders and non-consolidated rubble. The bottom drops off

to approximately 60 ft. at a distance of 300 m offshore.

Site 6: Keauhou Scenic Lookout

Directions: Site is located at the Scenic Lookout in Keauhou (or just past that at the Wendy's

restaurant off King Kamehameha Road). Turn makai (downhill) from Highway 11 onto

King Kamehameha III Road; a 2-lane paved road just off the main road.

Parking: Adequate and safe parking is available.



Facilities: Public facilities available inside Wendy's or at nearby Keahou Shopping Center.

Elevation: ~450 feet

Comments: The 'Ōhi'a Cave Historic Preserve is just below the observation point.

Bathymetry: The shoreline at this site is composed of boulders and talus at the base of cliffs. Offshore

submarine bottoms are composed of cobbles (basalt and limestone), small boulders and non-consolidated rubble. The bottom drops off to approximately 60 ft. at a distance of

550 m offshore.

Site 7: Keāhole Point (NELHA)

Directions: Take Queen Ka'ahumanu Highway 19 to the Natural Energy Lab Road (just south of

Keāhole Airport). Take this road to the end. Turn left onto the dirt access road at the chain link fence. The beach is a little way down the road. Park at the lighthouse.

Parking: Adequate and safe parking is available. **Facilities:** Limited public facilities are available.

Elevation: 20 feet

Comments: No information available.

Bathymetry: The shoreline at this site is composed of very low outcrops, abrasion ramps, benches and

is approximately at sea level. Offshore submarine bottoms are composed of pavement

with massive basalt boulders and patchy sand cover. The bottom drops off to

approximately 180 ft. at a distance of 260 m offshore.

Site 8: Hualālai (Four Seasons Resort)

Directions: Site located between Kona Coast State Park / Cinder Cone and Hualālai Resort. For

public beach access, follow the path fronting the resort, following signs to the resort. The

site leader will choose the exact location.

Parking: Safe, adequate public access parking is available.

Facilities: Restrooms, phones, drinking water and showers available. Minimal shade available.

Handicapped accessible.

Elevation: 0-20 feet

Comments: Beautiful site. Site leader will need to contact the Security chief of the resort several

weeks prior to the event.

Bathymetry: The shoreline at this site is composed of very low outcrops, abrasion ramps, benches and

is approximately at sea level. Offshore submarine bottoms are composed of coral and large sand channels, as well as limestone and loose sand. The bottom drops off to

approximately 10-20 ft. at a distance of 450 m offshore.

KOHALA LOCATIONS

Site 9: Mile Marker 7

Directions: Site is located off Highway 270 near Kawaihae. Count is conducted from the slope just

off the shoulder of the road. Take Highway 19N to Kawaihae Road (Highway 270) just

past Kawaihae Harbor. Look for Mile Marker 7, just past Kohala Ranch.

Parking: Parking is available on the shoulder.

Facilities: No shade or public facilities are available at the site. Facilities can be found at the

Kawaihae 7-11 store, approximately 15 minutes away.

Elevation: 200-280 feet

Comments: Excellent viewing site. This site is used for research throughout the year.

Bathymetry: The shoreline at this site is composed of outcrops 1m-3m above sea level. Offshore

submarine bottoms are composed of submerged rocks, extensive lava flow fingers, reef and rubble deposits. The bottom drops off to approximately 30 ft. at a distance of 330 m

offshore.

Site 10: Pu`ukoholā Heiau National Park

Directions: From Kona - Take Highway 19 north past Waikoloa/Hāpuna and Spencer Park. Turn left

at Highway 270, proceed 1/2 mile and turn left onto Pu`ukoholā National Park.

From Waimea - Take Highway 19 south to Highway 270, turn right or north on 270, proceed 1/2 mile north and turn left into park. You'll see the National Park sign on the

highway - easy to find. Paved road. Turn right into paved parking area.

Parking: Parking is available.

Facilities: Shade, public restrooms (portable), public telephones, and water are available. Additional

facilities can be found at the Kawaihae 7-11 store, approximately 15 minutes away.

Elevation: 120 feet

Comments: Park opens at 7:30a.m. A special use permit is required to use the park. The site leader

should contact the park several weeks prior to the event to obtain the permit.

Bathymetry: The shoreline at this site is composed of very low outcrops, abrasion ramps, benches and

is approximately at sea level. Offshore submarine bottoms are composed of coral and large sand channels. The bottom drops off to approximately 60 ft. at a distance of

1000 m offshore.

Site 11: Lapakahi State Historical Park

Directions: Take Highway 270 north of Kawaihae at mile marker 14. Site is located 100 yards past

the gate at the top of the hill. Approximately 1/2 mile from shore. Look for the sign on

roadway.

Parking: Parking available.

Facilities: Limited public facilities and shade available.

Elevation: 40 feet



Comments: Lapakahi is a cultural and historical state park. It gets hot, bring an umbrella.

Bathymetry: The shoreline at this site is composed of sea cliffs, 3-10 m above sea level. Offshore

submarine bottoms are composed of pavement or consolidated rock bottom or outcrops.

The bottom drops off to approximately 60 ft. at a distance of 150 m offshore.

Site 12: Kapa'a Beach Park

Directions: Site is located off of Highway 270 (Pule Highway). Traveling north, turn left on the one-

lane paved road just past mile marker 16. Site is located at the end of the road.

Parking: Adequate parking is available for approximately 10 cars.

Facilities: Public restrooms (portable) and shaded areas are available. Handicapped accessible.

Elevation: 40 feet

Comments: Great site for count. Covered picnic pavilions are available. Hiking trails lead off the site.

Bathymetry: No information available

Site 13: Old Coast Guard Road

Directions: Traveling north on 270, turn left after Puakea Bay. A white rail fence is visible at the turn.

Site is located at the end of the road. The site is approximately 2.5 miles from Hawi and

19 miles from Kawaihae.

Parking: Parking is available for approximately 8 cars. **Facilities:** Public restrooms (portable) available. No shade.

Elevation: 20-40 feet

Comments: Excellent site for whale watching.

Bathymetry: No information available.

Site 14: 'Upolu Point

Directions: Site is located at the overlook near 'Upolu Point Airport in Kohala.

From Kohala: South on Highway 270, turn right at the 'Upolu Airport sign.

From Waimea - Take Mountain Road to Hāwī, turn left onto Highway 270, turn right at the

'Upolu Airport sign.

From Kona/Waikoloa: North of Kawaihae on Highway 270 to mile marker 20. Turn right

at the 'Upolu Airport sign.

Parking: Parking is available at the airport. **Facilities:** No public facilities are available.

Elevation: 40 feet

Comments: Excellent whale watching site. The airport fence is locked on weekends but parking is still

available. 4WD vehicles can drive on the dirt road around the air strip to get better access

to the site.

Bathymetry: No information available.

HĀMĀKUA COAST LOCATIONS

Site 15: Waipi'o Valley Lookout

Directions: Turn off Highway 19 towards Honoka'a. Follow the road to the Waipi'o Valley Lookout.

Walk down the path to the lookout area near the pavilion.

Parking: Adequate parking is for approximately 7 cars.

Facilities: Public restrooms, pavilion and shaded areas are available.

Elevation: 880 feet

Comments: Excellent visibility. Beautiful site.

Bathymetry: No information available.

Site 16: Laupāhoehoe Scenic Lookout

Directions: Site is located approximately 23 miles NW of Hilo and 15 miles E of Honoka`a on

Hāmākua Coast Highway 19. Approximately a 25 minute drive from Hilo. The lookout is

just off the main highway.

Parking: Parking is available for approximately 7 cars.

Facilities: No public facilities are available. Handicapped accessible.

Elevation: 400 feet

Comments: The Island of Maui is visible to the north.

Bathymetry: No information available.

Site 17: Onekahakaha Beach Park (Hilo Bay)

Directions: Located at a public beach park, approximately 5-10 minutes from downtown Hilo. Take

King Kamehameha Road past Banyan Drive to Kanoelehua Street. Continue on

Kalaniana'ole Street, approximately 4 miles along coast. Turn left towards beach. Park,

then follow parking lot to the right.

Parking: Parking available.

Facilities: Public restrooms, pavilion, phones, drinking water and picnic tables are available. Not

handicapped accessible.

Elevation: 0 feet

Comments: Pavillion could be rented in advance in case of rain.

Bathymetry: No information available.

Site 18: Kumukahi Lighthouse

Directions: Take Route 132 to Kapoho. At the stop sign, proceed straight on gravel road to

lighthouse. Walk to safe viewing spot.

Parking: Adequate parking is available for approximately 10 cars.

Facilities: No public facilities or shade are available.

Elevation: 40 feet

Comments: Rocky area with good visibility.

Bathymetry: No information available.

Site 19: Kehena Lookout

Directions: Take Kea'au-Pāhoa Road (130) south. Turn left onto Pāhoa-Pohoiki Road (132). Take

this all the way to the end and turn right onto 137 (which runs along the coastline). Site

is located just past Kalapana Sea View Estates on the right.

Parking: Adequate, safe and free parking.

Facilities: No public facilities are available. Minimal shade is available. Not handicapped

accessible.

Elevation: 60 feet

Comments: This site has a nice shaded area available. It is near Kehena estates.

Bathymetry: No information available.

Site 20: Ka'ena Point (Chain of Craters Road)

Directions: Enter Volcanoes National Park. Take the first left and follow the signs for Chain of Craters

Road. Proceed to the end of the road. Site is located 100 yards from the main

road, over lava rock field.

Parking: Adequate parking is available.

Facilities: Public restrooms are available 5 minutes away. No other public facilities are available.

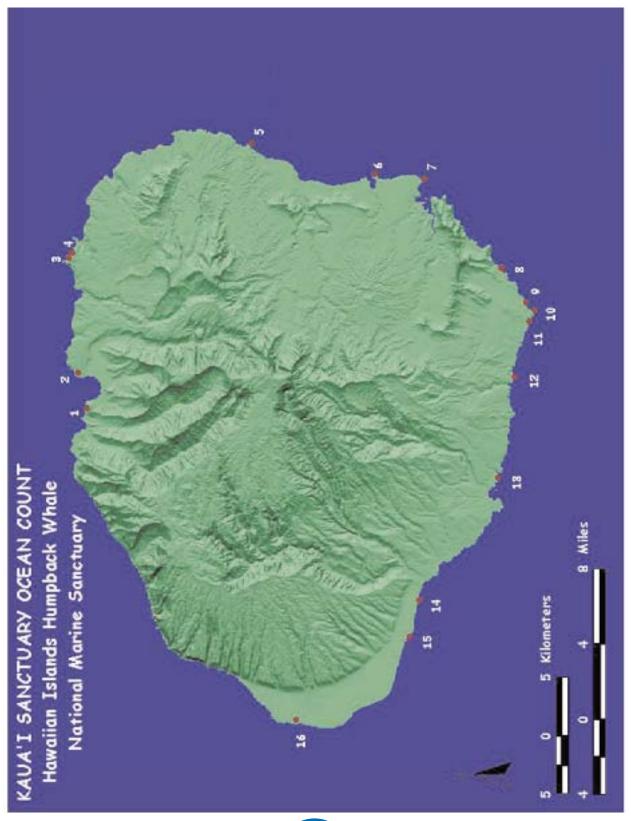
This site is not handicapped accessible.

Elevation: 20 - 30 feet

Comments: Bluff looking southeast, 180 degree view. Can get very hot, be prepared.

Bathymetry: No information available.

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KAUA'I SITE DESCRIPTIONS

NORTHSHORE LOCATIONS

Site 1: Lumaha'i Lookout

Directions: On Kūhiō Highway overlooking Lumaha'i Beach. The highway pull-off has an emergency

call box.

Parking: Parking is available along Kūhiō Highway.

Facilities: No restrooms or water available.

Elevation: 120 feet

Comments: The ocean count will be conducted from a vantage point along Kūhiō Highway,

overlooking Lumaha'i Beach. Volunteers should obey all signs, including not stepping beyond the guardrails. Due to traffic congestion at this site, do not bring lawn chairs. Volunteers should limit cars to three only. The other cars should be parked further down the coast where parking is safer and more abundant. Permission to use this property has

been granted by the Highways Division.

Bathymetry: The bottom drops off to 50 feet about 2.2 nautical miles from the shoreline; the bottom

drops off to 100 feet about 2.8 nautical miles from the shoreline. The nearshore bottom is mostly consolidated reef with some sediment. Offshore, the bottom is sand. This site is

located near Hanalei Bay, however views do not include the bay.

Site 2: Princeville Hotel

Directions: Meet on hotel lawn fronting the gazebo near the parking area. **Parking:** A public parking lot is located adjacent to hotel parking lot.

Facilities: Restrooms available in the hotel.

Elevation: 120 feet

Comments: This site is on the grounds of the Princeville Hotel. It is on a high cliff with a panoramic

(270 degrees) view of Hanalei Bay and waters fronting the Princeville area. Permission

to use this property has been granted by the Princeville Hotel.

Bathymetry: This vantage point is located on a cliffed coastline near Hanalei Bay. On both sides of the

vantage point, there are coral reefs. The bottom drops off to 50 feet within 1.5 miles of the shoreline and to 100 feet within 1.7 miles of the shoreline. The nearshore bottom is

consolidated limestone. Offshore, the bottom is sand.

Site 3: Kīlauea Point National Wildlife Refuge

Directions: Meet at the gated entrance to the Kīlauea Point National Wildlife Refuge by 7:15 am. The

site leader will get the volunteers through the gated entrance, since the refuge does not open to the public until 10 am. All cars will be allowed to drive through the gate and park in the public parking lot. Volunteers will walk out to the point and set up an observation

area.



Parking: Public parking is available at the refuge.

Facilities: Restrooms are available in the refuge visitor center.

Elevation: 180 feet

Comments: The height of the coastal vegetation at this site will require volunteers to stand, rather than

sit, while making observations. Lawn chairs may be used during rest periods. Several volunteers should be designated as interpreters since many visitors to the refuge will want to know about the activity. No pets are allowed. This is a wildlife refuge where human food consumption is strictly limited because of the potential for ants, rats, and feeding native wildlife. Food is to be consumed in cars only, but water is allowed on site. Permission to use this site has been granted by the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service.

Bathymetry: The areas observable from this location have bottoms that drop off to 50 feet within 0.3

miles of the shoreline and drop off to 100 feet within 0.6 miles of the shoreline. The nearshore bottom is a hard bottom, normally basalt with a thin veneer of marine life; not

reefal or sedimentary.

Site 4: Kīlauea Point National Wildlife Refuge-Crater Hill East

Directions: Meet at the gated entrance to Seacliff Plantation along Kîlauea Road by 7:15 am. The site

leader will get the volunteers through the gated entrance. All cars will be allowed to drive to the paved turnaround area at the Seacliff Plantation Overlook. Volunteers will walk through fencing, over the hill to a vantage point looking northeast to Mōkōlea Point. Volunteers will walk about 10 minutes uphill and downhill along a grassy trail from their

parked cars.

Parking: Parking is available off the Seacliff Plantation roadway.

Facilities: No restrooms or water available. Nearest restrooms are at the Kilauea Point National

Wildlife Refuge visitor center.

Elevation: 250 feet

Comments: No pets are allowed. This is a wildlife refuge where human food consumption is strictly

limited because of the potential for ants, rats, and feeding native wildlife. Food is to be consumed in cars only, but water is allowed on site. Bring lawn chairs if you don't want to sit on the grass. Since some walking is involved, large coolers are not recommended. This vantage point is located on a steep ocean cliff. This site is not recommended for persons fearful of heights. Excellent site for seabird watching. Permission to use this site

has been granted by the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service.

Bathymetry: The bottom drops off to 50 feet within 1.3 nautical miles from the shoreline and to 100 feet

within 1.8 nautical miles of the shoreline. The nearshore bottom is a hard bottom type.

Further offshore, the bottom is smooth limestone.

EASTSIDE LOCATIONS

Site 5: Kapa'a Lookout

Directions: This is the paved pull-off along Kūhiō Highway located between Kapa'a town and Keālia

Beach.

Parking: Parking is available at the lookout. **Facilities:** No restrooms or water available.

Elevation: 40 feet

Comments: Lawn chairs are suggested. Excellent view of the Kapa'a reef. Permission has been

granted by the State Highways Division.

Bathymetry: This vantage point is along a rocky shoreline. This vantage point is adjacent to a large

reef flat. The bottom drops off to 50 feet within 1.4 nautical miles of the shoreline and to 100 feet within 1.6 miles of the shoreline. The nearshore bottom is sandy and becomes

rocky further offshore.

Site 6: Ahukini State Recreation Pier

Directions: The park is located at the end of Ahukini Road past the airport in Līhu'e. **Parking:** Parking is available at the park. Park cars as instructed by the site leader.

Facilities: No restrooms or water available.

Elevation: 0 feet

Comments: Lawn chairs are suggested. Sweeping views of the bay and ocean. A special use permit

has been issued by the Division of State Parks.

Bathymetry: This rocky basalt shoreline is at the entrance to Hanamā'ulu Bay. The bottom drops off

to 50 feet 1 nautical mile from the shoreline; the bottom drops off to 100 feet within 1.2 nautical miles from the shoreline. The bottom is mostly consolidated reef with some

sediment bottom.

Site 7: Ninini Lighthouse

Directions: Enter at the guard shack along Kapule Highway across from Vidinha Stadium in Līhu'e.

Follow the winding road that ends at Ninini Lighthouse.

Parking: Parking is available at Ninini Lighthouse.

Facilities: No restrooms or water available.

Elevation: No information available.

Comments: The roadway becomes narrow and unpaved in the section closest to the lighthouse. A

picnic table is available. Bring lawn chairs if you do not want to sit on the rocky shoreline.

The ocean count will be conducted on the ground, not on top of the lighthouse.

Bathymetry: This rocky shoreline is at the entrance to Nāwiliwili Harbor, the main commercial port for

the island of Kaua'i. The bottom drops off to 50 feet within 1.2 nautical miles of the shoreline; bottom drops off to 100 feet within 1.4 nautical miles of the shoreline. The

bottom is composed of sand and coral.



SOUTHSHORE LOCATIONS

Site 8: Māhā'ulepū-Ha'ula

Directions: Meet at 7:15 am at the guard shack at the entrance to Māhā'ulepu. The volunteers will

be escorted to the selected ocean count site by the site leader. This site is located

adjacent to Ha'ula Bay.

Parking: Parking is available at the end of the road, near the ocean count site.

Facilities: No restrooms or water available.

Elevation: ~25 feet

Comments: This site is located at the far (Līhu'e-side) end of Māhā'ulepu. This is a wildland location.

The roadways are unpaved and bumpy. Lawn chairs are suggested for those who do not

want to sit on the ground. Permission from Grove Farm has been obtained.

Bathymetry: This vantage point is located on a limestone cliff. The bottom drops off to 50 feet within

0.3 miles of the shoreline and to 100 feet within 1 mile of the shoreline. The nearshore bottom is beach rock and consolidated reef with some sediment on the bottom. Offshore

the bottom is sand.

Site 9: Māhā'ulepu-Makawehi

Directions: This is the high bluff located just past the Hyatt Regency. Drive along Poʻipū Road,

beyond the entrance to the Hyatt Regency Kaua'i Resort and Spa. Turn right onto Ainako Street and proceed to the public parking area behind the beach. Walk eastward along the

beach to the raised lithified dunes nearby. Climb to the top.

Parking: Parking is available at the end of Ainako Street in a paved parking lot that is part of a

public beach access.

Facilities: Public restrooms and drinking fountains are available at the public parking lot/beach

access.

Elevation: 40 feet

Comments: This site is located in the Māhā'ulepu area, adjacent to the Hyatt Regency Kaua'i Resort.

This is a wildland location. Physical exertion is required to get to this site. This site is not recommended for anyone with a fear of heights and who is not steady on their feet. Since climbing to the top of the lithified dune will be required, lawn chairs are not recommended.

Permission from Grove Farm has been obtained.

Bathymetry: This vantage point is located on a lithified dune. The bottom drops off to 50 feet within

0.2 miles of the shoreline. The nearshore bottom is a hard bottom type normally basalt with a thin veer of marine life, not reefal or sedimentary. This extends offshore and also may include a hard bottom with sediments that cover up to fifty percent of the area.

Site 10: Makahū'ena Point

Directions: This site is located on Pe'e Road in Po'ipū. This is the undeveloped oceanfront property

next to the Makahū'ena condominium. There is a Coast Guard light on the property. The

ocean count site is at the base of the Coast Guard light.

Parking: Parking is available along Pe'e Road.

Facilities: No restrooms or water available.

Elevation: 30 feet

Comments: This is the southeastern tip of the island. Lawn chairs are suggested for those who do

not want to sit on the ground. Permission from the Coast Guard has been obtained.

Bathymetry: The vantage point is located on a cliffed shoreline. The bottom drops off to 50 feet within

0.7 miles of the shoreline and to 100 feet within 1.0 miles of the shoreline. The nearshore

bottom is a hard bottom type.

Site 11: Poʻipū Beach Park

Directions: Poʻipū Beach Park is a county beach park located at the intersection of Hoʻowili Road and

Ho'one Road. The ocean count site is located near the shoreline, near the start of the

breakwater that protects keiki pond, under the ironwood trees.

Parking: Parking is available in the public parking lots across the street. **Facilities:** Public restrooms and drinking fountains are available at the park.

Elevation: 0-10 feet

Comments: This is a shady site on level lawn that can be easily accessed by those who have difficulty

walking or need wheelchairs. Picnic tables may be available nearby, but lawn chairs are

suggested. Lifeguards are on duty at Po'ipū Beach.

Bathymetry: The bottom drops off to 50 feet within 0.3 miles of the shoreline and to 100 feet within 0.5

miles of the shoreline. The nearshore bottom is a hard bottom with sediment on fifty

percent of the area. Offshore, the bottom is sand.

Site 12: Ka'iwa Point

Directions: Drive westward on Lāwa'i Road, past Spouting Horn in Po'ipū. The trail to the ocean

count site is located just east of the Lāwa'i Gardens gate. Proceed down the trail to about mid-level with a good view, as determined by the site leader. If ocean conditions are too rough (much salt spray and wave wash), conduct the count from the side of the Lāwa'i

Road where the vegetation has been cleared, as determined by the site leader.

Park along the edge of the Lawa'i Road, making sure not to block the turnaround and

entrance to Lāwa'i Gardens.

Facilities: No public restrooms or water available. The nearest facilities are located at Spouting

Horn.

Elevation: 40-50 feet



Comments: This site will involve walking a short distance down a sloping, dirt path to a vantage point

with sweeping views of the southern shoreline and Lāwa'i Bay. Caution should be taken

in not getting swept by waves and salt spray.

Bathymetry: This vantage point is located on a volcanic coastline. The bottom drops off to 50 feet

within 0.2 miles from the shoreline and to 100 feet within 0.4 miles of the shoreline. The nearshore bottom is a hard bottom type. This bottom type extends father offshore. There

is also consolidated reef with some sediment bottom.

WESTSIDE LOCATIONS

Site 13: Port Allen Cemetery

Directions: Drive to the power plant in the Port Allen industrial area in 'Ele'ele and take the dirt road

that leads eastward to Glass Beach; continue eastward to the cemetery.

Parking: Parking is available **a**t the ocean count site.

Facilities: No restrooms or water available. Nearest facilities are located at Port Allen Small Boat

Harbor.

Elevation: 30 feet

Comments: Access to the site is by dirt road. Lawn chairs are suggested. Permission from A & B

Properties has been obtained. Volunteers will be required to fill out an A& B right-of-entry permit agreement at the volunteer training session (questions: call sanctuary staff at 246-

2860).

Bathymetry: The vantage point is located at the top of a cliffed coastline. The shoreline contains basalt

tide pools. It is located near an electric plant and discharge area, breakwater, and commercial port. The lands nearby were used as a dumping ground. The bottom drops off to 50 feet within 1.3 nautical miles of the shoreline and to 100 feet within 1.5 nautical miles of the shoreline. The nearshore bottom is a hard bottom type. There is coral

offshore.

Site 14: Waimea Canyon Drive

Directions: Along Waimea Canyon Dr. above the town of Waimea, near the pull-off with interpretive

sıgn.

Parking: Parking is available off of Waimea Canyon Drive.

Facilities: No restrooms or water available.

Elevation: 200 feet

Comments: This is not a shorefront location, however it offers a panoramic view of the ocean fronting

Waimea. Because of its inland location, strong binoculars are recommended. Lawn chairs are suggested. Volunteers may be required to fill out a Department of Water

Supply liability waiver form.



Bathymetry: The bottom drops off to 50 feet within 1.7 miles of the shoreline and to 100 feet within 1.8

miles of the shoreline. The shoreline is sand. The nearshore bottom is mostly sand with

some rocky features.

Site 15: St. Theresa School

Directions: On Kaumuali'i Highway, along the shoreline fronting St. Theresa School in Kekaha.

Parking: Parking is available off of Kaumuali'i Highway.

Facilities: No restrooms or water available.

Elevation: 0-10 feet

Comments: No information available.

Bathymetry: The shoreline is a gently sloping sand beach. This location has a bottom that drops off to

50 feet within 0.8 miles of the shoreline; drops off to 100 feet within 1 mile of the shoreline; and drops off to 600 feet within 1.6 miles of the shoreline. The nearshore bottom is sand, consolidated reef and consolidated smooth limestone pavement. Consolidated reef and

consolidated limestone extend into the deeper waters.

Site 16: Pacific Missile Range Facility (PMRF)

Directions: Due to security restrictions at the base, this site is available only to those volunteers who

work on the base. The site is on the eastern side of Nohili Ditch, at the base of an airfield

approach marker.

Parking: Parking instructions will be given by the site leader.

Facilities: No restrooms or water available.

Elevation: ~15 feet

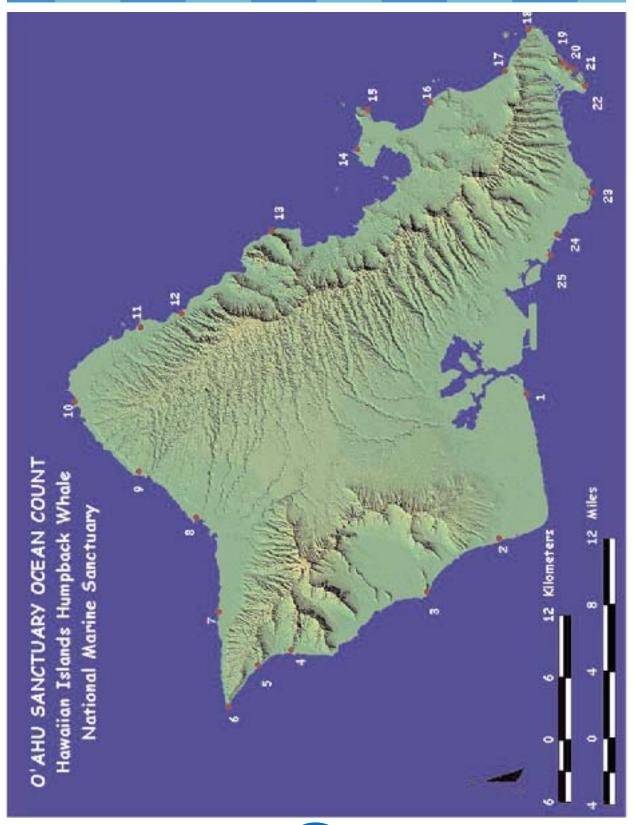
Comments: Permission to use this site has been granted by the Pacific Missile Range Facility.

Bathymetry: This vantage point is located on a low sand and limestone shoreline. The bottom drops

off to 50 feet within 1.8 miles of the shoreline and to 100 feet within 2.1 miles of the shoreline. The nearshore bottom is consolidated limestone; sand predominates in

depressions slightly further out. Offshore, the bottom is sand.

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O'AHU SITE DESCRIPTIONS

LEEWARD LOCATIONS

Site 1: 'Ewa Beach Park

Directions: Take H1 to Exit 5A, 'Ewa Beach (Fort Weaver Road), and continue on the main road

through the business and residential areas. The 'Ewa Beach site is located directly across from the 'Ewa Beach Golf Club. The beach site is located approximately 200 yards away

from the road. Pu'uloa Rifle Range is at the end of the road.

Parking: Safe parking lot is available with approximately 50-60 stalls. Look for white cement

markers around the parking area.

Facilities: Public restrooms and covered picnic areas are available. Little shade and no drinking

water available.

Elevation: 0-20 feet

Comments: The site is at sea level which may affect visibility. Binoculars are recommended.

Bathymetry: The site's coastal water falls within a restricted zone of the US Navy, Pearl Harbor. The

land is very flat. This site allows for a great view of the coastal area due to its shallow waters that extend 3,750 yards from shore. The shallow reef bottom is a combination of hard and soft bottoms with sand and limestone outcrops and boulders. Coastal waters

are very shallow with a depth of 2 fathoms stretching 1 mile seaward.

Site 2: Ko 'Olina

Directions: Take H1 West towards Wai'anae. Go past the Makakilo/Barbers Point exit. H1 will turn

into Farrington Highway. Turn off at the Ko 'Olina exit and head towards the hotel. Paradise Cove will be on your right. Stop at the first guard station, tell them you are going to the public beach. Site is usually located at the first lagoon. There is a short 5 minute

walk to the site area.

Parking: Safe parking is available at the lagoon.

Facilities: Public restrooms, telephones, drinking water and shaded areas are available.

Elevation: 10-40 feet

Comments: Good viewing site. Contact the Ko'olina Community Association several weeks prior to

the event to obtain permission to use this site.

Bathymetry: The shallow reef (3 fathoms) includes a complex reef bottom with a mixture of limestone

boulders and outcrops, as well as hard bottom and rubble. Further offshore, at

approximately 3-10 fathoms, the bottom is consolidated, grooved limestone with sand in the grooves. Ocean bottom is soft with a strip of limestone sand bottom extending about

875 feet parallel to the shoreline.



Site 3: Mā'ili Point

Directions: Head towards Mā'ili Point between Hakimo Road and Kaukama Street. Turn right at the

Board of Water Supply and approach a closed gate for the Civil Defense. Proceed up

the hill. Site is located at the bunkers (tunnel).

Parking: Limited parking is available along the main road.

Facilities: Public restrooms and partial shade are available. Drinking water and public telephones

are not available.

Elevation: ~100 feet

Comments: Site accessed by a paved road. Beautiful location with restricted access. To obtain

special permission, contact Gabe Kilakalua or Civil Defense. Site can get a little windy;

dress accordingly. Great view.

Bathymetry: The surveying site is located on state land. There is a rocky coral reef area extending

about 50 yards nearshore. This rocky coral reef area is occasionally uncovered

depending on wave action. There are at least 10 large rocks in the water near the coast

located in less than 2 fathoms that are also uncovered depending on wave action. Nearshore ocean bottom is hard basaltic bottom. The bottom becomes consolidated limestone with some reef slope areas further away from shore with depths starting at 3

fathoms.

Site 4: Mākua Cave

Directions: Follow Farrington Highway past Mākua Beach Park. Mākua Cave is located

approximately 2 miles up the road.

Parking: An unpaved parking lot is located right off the road on the makai (ocean) side.

Facilities: No public facilities available.

Elevation: 10-20 feet

Comments: Convenient access to site. There are no trash cans. Please bring plastic bags for trash.

Bathymetry: The vantage point is located on state land. The shoreline is mostly limestone with low-

lying outcrops. Nearshore and offshore bottoms are mostly hard bottom and include two independent shallow reef sand bottoms west of the Mākua Cave. The hard bottom encompasses very little ocean floor beyond 10 fathoms and 0.6 miles from the site.

Site 5: Ka'ena Point (West Shore)

Directions: Take H1 west to Farrington Highway to the end.

Parking: Parking is available near restrooms.

Facilities: Public facilities are available at the site. Drinking water and shade are not available.

Elevation: ~40 feet

Comments: Site access requires a short hike.

Bathymetry: This site includes the Ka'ena Point Natural Area Reserve. The ocean bottom here

consists mainly of hard bottom with very few patches of sand pockets both found as deep

as 10 fathoms and as far out as 0.3 miles from shore.



Site 6: Ka'ena Point (North Shore)

Directions: Take H1 west towards Wai'anae then connect to H2 North Wahiawa/Schofield. Continue

straight Schofield-bound and eventually the freeway will slope down, merging onto a road (99 North). With Schofield Barracks on your left, proceed toward Wai'alua. At the fork in the road, stay left heading toward Mokulēi'a. At the end of the road, look for a large sign

"Point Light House, U.S.Coast Guard, Natural Area Reserve (NAR)".

Parking: Parking is available in the lot just before the red and white gate. For those with 4WD

vehicles, you can loop past the gate onto Ka'ena Point Road (unpaved) and park closer

to the shore.

Facilities: No public facilities are available.

Elevation: ~20 feet

Comments: Site access requires an easy 3-mile hike from the paved road.

Bathymetry: The vantage point here is located on the Ka`ena Military Reservation. The coastal bottom

is abundant in limestone with random areas of reef slopes. Approximately 375 feet

offshore, the bottom drops off from 2 to 10 fathoms.

NORTH SHORE LOCATIONS

Site 7: Mokulē'ia Beach Park

Directions: Take H1 west towards Wai'anae then connect to H2 North Wahiawa/Schofield. Continue

straight Schofield-bound and eventually the freeway will slope down, merging onto a road (99 North). With Schofield Barracks on your left, proceed toward Wai'alua. At the fork in the road, stay left heading toward Mokulēi'a. The beach park will be on the right, across

from Dillingham Air Force Base (no sign).

Parking: Parking available.

Facilities: Public restrooms, water and handicapped access are available. Public telephones and

shade are not available.

Elevation: 0-20 feet.

Comments: Many parachutists land in the park or on the highway.

Bathymetry: Lying perpendicular to the shoreline is a coral reef, approximately 1,000 feet in length.

The coastal water depth is very shallow, ranging from 1-2 fathoms and extending as far as 0.3 miles directly north of the beach park. Near shore are small patches of hard bottom composition, which include a mixture of limestone boulders, outcrops, sand, and rubble. The ocean bottom is mainly limestone. There is also diverse marine life within this range.



Site 8: Pua'ena Point

Directions: Take H1 towards Wai'anae. Turn off at H2 and go towards Mililani/Wahiawa. Take the

Wahiawa exit, which puts you on Kamehameha Highway going north. Stay on

Kamehameha Highway until you get to the second traffic light by Hale'iwa. Turn left at the light, and take a quick first right at Kahalewai Place next to the field at Hale'iwa Beach Park. Park at the end of the street and walk around the closed gate, following the path to

the point.

Parking: Park on Kahalewai Place or at Hale'iwa Beach Park.

Facilities: Public restrooms, phone and shade available. No handicapped accessibility.

Elevation: 0-20 feet

Comments: Kahalewai Place street sign is not visible. 5-minute hike to site.

Bathymetry: Bernice Pauahi Bishop Estate privately owns a portion of the south shore of Pua'ena

Point. About 450 feet from the shoreline and at a depth of 2 fathoms, the bottom composition is predominantly limestone. There is also diverse marine life up to 10

fathoms and 0.2 miles from the northwest shore of this site.

Site 9: Sharks Cove

Directions: Take H1 towards Wa'ianae. Turn off at H2 and go towards Mililani/Wahiawa. Take the

Wahiawa exit, which puts you on Kamehameha Highway going north. Stay on

Kamehameha Highway until you pass Foodland on the right. Sharks Cove is the rocky area off to the right as you face the ocean. Pupukea Beach Park will be on the left.

Parking: Parking lot available off the main road, close to site area.

Facilities: Public restrooms, phones, drinking water and shade are available. Handicapped

accessible.

Elevation: 20-40 feet

Comments: May want to bring some bug repellent. Low elevation hampers visibility. Parking lot gets

full around 11a.m.

Bathymetry: This site is located within the protective zone of the Department of Land and Natural

Resources (DLNR). The bottom here is made up of a complex shallow reef. This reef is comprised of hard, but mostly soft bottom types. Approximately 150 feet directly north of the cove's shoreline is a wedge of scattered outcrops or boulders in a sandy bottom. There is very little change in bottom composition about 0.1 miles northeast of the

shoreline. A sand patch can be found at a depth of 3 fathoms. Extending about 0.3 miles

beyond the cove, the ocean depth drops to approximately 10 fathoms.

Site 10: Turtle Bay

Directions: Site is located at Turtle Bay Hilton north of Kahuku. Site area is near wedding pavillion at

Ku'ilima Pt.

Parking: Hotel parking lot (\$5.00 for 4 hours, \$1.50 with validation)

Facilities: Public restrooms, phones, drinking water and shade are available. Handicapped

accessible.



Elevation: 0-20 feet

Comments: Easy, comfortable site.

Bathymetry: The nearshore bottom at this site drops off to approximately 1 fathom and extends 100

feet from the shoreline. The bottom drops off to 5 fathoms approximately 0.38 miles (2,000 feet) from the shoreline. Nearshore bottom is dense limestone with a smooth, pavement-like surface. 0.38 miles from the shoreline the bottom composition is uniformly

limestone with some reef slope areas.

WINDWARD LOCATIONS

Site 11: Lā'ie Point

Directions: Head towards the Lāi'e Shopping Center on Kamehameha Highway in Lāi'e. Directly

across from the L&L Drive-Inn is Anemoku Street. Take this street to the top of the hill,

then turn right on Naupaka Street. The point is at the end of the street.

Parking: Ample parking is available at the site.

Facilities: No public facilities or shaded areas are available.

Elevation: 0-40 feet

Comments: Lāi'e Point juts out into the ocean further than any other point of land on O'ahu and

perhaps even the neighbor islands. It offers a magnificent view of the coastline on both the north and south side, including one of the best views of the Koʻolau Mountains. It may

get a bit windy - be prepared.

Bathymetry: Bottom composition consists of sand and shells beyond a depth of 10 fathoms with rocky

bottom on the west side of the point. Approximately 500 yards from the tip of the

peninsula, the ocean depth drops suddenly to 10 fathoms.

Site 12: Hau'ula Beach Park

Directions: Take Kamehameha Highway to Hau'ula. This site is at Hau'ula Beach Park located

across the street from 7-Eleven and just south of the Polynesian Cultural Center.

Parking: Parking is available at the site.

Facilities: Public restrooms, phones, drinking water and shade are available. Handicapped

accessible.

Elevation: ~0 feet

Comments: Nice, comfortable site. Binoculars recommended.

Bathymetry: The coral reef offshore is approximately 0.3 miles in length and 0.2 miles from the

shoreline. Bottom composition is mostly sand at a depth of10 fathoms and silt at 50 fathoms. On the west end, the ocean bottom consists of cobbles or small boulders. The rest of the ocean bottom within 1 fathom is consists of a mixture of hard and soft bottom types. There are some scattered boulders less than 1 fathom on the east side of this site. Approximately 825 yards from the shoreline the depth is 3 fathoms. The ocean depth

reaches 10 fathoms approximately 1,600 yards from shore.



Site 13: Kualoa Ranch (Bunkers)

Directions: Take Kamehameha Highway to Kualoa Ranch, across from Kualoa State Park

(Chinaman's Hat). The site is located at the bunkers about 1 mile up the dirt road

from the parking lot.

Facilities: No public restrooms, telephones, or drinking water are available at the site. It is possible

to drive to restrooms.

Elevation: ~150 feet

Comments: Viewing site is located at the WWII bunkers on the cliff. Excellent viewing position.

Bathymetry: Approximately 475 yards from shore, the depth drops off to 6 fathoms. The nautical chart

depth contour maximum is up to 60 fathoms. Its ocean bottom is shallow and consisting

mainly of sand, boulders, and limestone outcrops.

Site 14: Pyramid Rock

Directions: Take H3 Kane'ohe-bound to the main gate of the Kane'ohe Marine Corps Base. Take a

eft at the second traffic light (Mōkapu Street). Cross the main airstrip and continue to the end of the road. Turn right into the dirt parking lot and proceed to the far right end of the

rock wall.

Parking: Parking is adjacent to the site in an unpaved lot.

Facilities: Public restrooms (portable toilets), and shaded areas are available at the site. An

Emergency call box is also available.

Elevation: ~20 feet

Comments: Military access is required to get onto base. Suggested viewing area is from the

lighthouse.

Bathymetry: The ocean bottom type is hard. Nearshore depth is approximately 18 fathoms, deepening

to 30 fathoms approximately 200 feet from shore. Breakers are located beyond 18

fathoms.

Site 15: Mokapu Point

Directions: Take H3 Kane ohe-bound to the main gate of Kane ohe Marine Corps Base. Turn right

at the second traffic light and left at the next light (by McDonalds & gas station). Take

third right and follow the road to the end.

Parking: Park on the road by the rifle ranges. **Facilities:** No public facilities are available.

Elevation: ~120 feet

Comments: No protection from the elements, bring protection (i.e. water, sunscreen, hat, etc.) Site

has a high vantage point which offers good viewing. Military access is required to get onto

base.



Bathymetry: The intertidal area east of Mōkapu Point is made up of coral and volcanic rock. The

ocean bottom composition nearshore is mostly coral and coralline algae. The bottom is sandy with submerged massive boulders beyond 10 fathoms. Approximately 400 feet

from the east shore of Mōkapu Point, the depth is 3 fathoms.

Site 16: Lanikai

Directions: From H3: Take H3 Highway towards Kane'ohe. Take the Kane'ohe Bay Drive exit and

follow Kane'ohe Bay drive to the right. Continue straight down Kalaheo Avenue. You will see Kailua Beach on your left. At the stop sign turn left and as you go up the hill you

will be entering Lanikai. The site leader will designate the exact site location.

<u>From Pali:</u> Take Pali Highway Kailua-bound. Go through Kailua town. The road will end in a "T". Turn right and follow the road past Kailua Beach Park (on your left). At the stop sign turn left and as you go up the hill you will be entering Lanikai. The site leader

will designate the exact site location.

Parking: Obtain parking instructions from site leader.

Facilities: Facilities may be available depending on exact site location.

Elevation: ~30 feet (depending on exact location)

Comments: Good viewing site. Binoculars are recommended.

Bathymetry: The coastline at this site is made up primarily of volcanic rock. Coastal features include

patches of coral reef at 3 fathoms and 1,200 yards offshore. Approximately 2,400 yards from shore, the depth is 10 fathoms. The bottom composition is made up of coral, coralline

algae, and sand. The offshore bottom is mostly a hard sandy bottom.

Site 17: Waimānalo Beach Park

Directions: Travel east on Kalaniana`ole Highway past Makapu'u Point. The entrance to Waimānalo

Beach Park will be on the right.

Parking: Ample parking is available.

Facilities: Public restrooms, phones, drinking water and shade are available. Handicapped

accessible.

Elevation: ~0 feet

Comments: The site is not elevated above shoreline so whale watching may be a little more difficult.

Binoculars are recommended.

Bathymetry: Ocean depth here is very shallow. It ranges from 1 fathom nearshore to 3 fathoms

approximately 400 yards from the shoreline. Bottom composition is sandy and includes coral and coralline algae. Large coral reefs are not very abundant in this coastal area.

There are approximately 2 patches of coral reef.



SOUTH SHORE LOCATIONS

Site 18: Makapu'u Point Lighthouse

Directions: Travel east on Kalaniana'ole Highway towards Makapu'u Point. Site is approximately

4.5 miles from Koko Marina Shopping Center. Look for trail entrance on the right hand side of the road before the scenic lookouts. A black gate indicates the start of the trail.

Parking: Limited parking is available along Kalaniana'ole Highway.

Facilities: No public facilities are available.

Elevation: ~400 feet

Comments: A 1-3/4 mile hike (approximately 30-45 minutes) up a 30 degree grade is required to

get to the site. The semi-paved trail is at a moderate slope. Windy conditions at the top. This elevated site is ideal for whale watching. Bring water and sunscreen.

Bathymetry: This site's nearshore depth is approximately 3 fathoms and nearshore bottom

composition is volcanic rock. The ocean depth at this site extends beyond 100 fathoms.

The ocean bottom composition is hard and rocky (mainly basalt or limestone) and

ranges 6-10 fathoms.

Site 19: Hālona Blowhole

Directions: Travel east on Kalaniana ole Highway towards Hanauma Bay. Hālona Blowhole is the

second lookout area past Hanauma Bay.

Parking: A paved parking lot is available off the main road.

Facilities: No public facilities are available.

Elevation: 70 feet

Comments: Easily accessible from the main road, high vantage point for viewing. Can be very hot, or

windy, dress accordingly.

Bathymetry: The rocky bottom ocean floor of this site extends from the shore to approximately 3

fathoms. Bottom composition includes some coral, coralline algae, and sand.

Site 20: Lāna'i Lookout

Directions: Travel east on Kalaniana'ole Highway towards Makapu'u Point. Site is located between

Hanauma Bay and Hālona Blowhole. Look for the first parking lot after the Koko Head

Rifle Range.

Parking: Limited parking is available at the lookout parking lot. Parking is also available on

Kalaniana'ole Highway.

Facilities: No public facilities are available.

Elevation: ~80 feet

Comments: Very bare and rocky site, but excellent for whale watching. Easy access from the road

and can accommodate large groups of people.



Bathymetry: Nearshore depth is approximately 6 fathoms. Ocean bottom is predominantly a solid or

hard bottom. The shoreline is rocky and mainly composed of volcanic rock.

Site 21: Hanauma Bay

Directions: Travel east on Kalaniana'ole Highway. towards Makapu'u Point. Entrance to Hanauma

Bay will be on the right not far from Koko Marina Shopping Center. Participants will meet in

the upper park picnic area.

Parking: Ample parking is available in the Hanauma Bay lot (\$1 per vehicle). **Facilities:** Public restrooms and drinking water are available near the parking lot.

Elevation: 80-120 feet

Comments: Whale watching can be conducted from the parking lot, which is elevated above the shore

level. A short hike is required to the lookout point (~15 minutes).

Bathymetry: Hanauma Bay is commonly known for its diverse aquatic population. The surrounding

ocean bottom composition is hard rock bottom.

Site 22: Spitting Caves

Directions: Travel east on Kalaniana'ole Highway towards Hawai'i Kai. Turn right onto Lunalilo Home

Road. Turn left onto Poʻipū Drive. Stay on Poʻipū Drive and turn left onto Lumahai Street. Just before Lumahai Street comes to a dead end, look for a blue sign on the right-hand

side (slightly obscure) marking the public access walkway to the point.

Parking: Street parking is available on Lumahai Street.

Facilities: No public restrooms, telephones, or drinking water are available at site.

Elevation: 80-200 feet

Comments: A short hike is required to get to the site. Follow a steep to gradual public access

trail that runs between the homes. Access can be difficult for some. Not recommended for children. The site is a bare and steep (in some places) area that runs along the cliff faces of Portlock. Views are excellent for whale watching, though the area tends to be

windy. Heavy boat traffic.

Bathymetry: This site is mainly steep volcanic rock. Its nearshore depth is approximately 3 fathoms

with a bottom composition of coral, coralline algae, and sand. Gravel is found beyond 20

fathoms.

Site 23: Diamond Head Lookout

Directions: Heading east on Diamond Head Road, look for the second lookout after the lighthouse.

Parking: Street parking is available along Diamond Head Road (stalls fill up quickly). **Facilities:** Public telephones are available. No restrooms or water, minimal shade.

Elevation: ~120 feet

Comments: Convenient access to the site. Excellent site for whale watching due to its elevation,

though binoculars are recommended. Very hot and humid, come prepared.



Bathymetry: The shoreline here is a sandy beach. There are several big patches (~6) of coral reef in

the viewing vicinity. The shallow waters contain large rocks at a depth of 1 fathom. The ocean bottom is composed of coral and coralline. The depth approximately 800 yards from shore is 3 fathoms. The shallow bottom nearshore is a hard bottom type. This hard

bottom type is a mixture of sand, rubble, limestone outcrops, and boulders.

Site 24: Magic Island

Directions: Site is located across from Ala Moana Shopping Center. Walk out as far as possible on

the walkway, then proceed to the rocky breakers.

Parking: A paved parking lot is available but is often crowded.

Facilities: Public restrooms, phones, drinking water and shade available. Handicapped accessible.

Elevation: 0-10 feet

Comments: Good family area for viewing. There are plenty of ocean activities to watch in addition to

whales.

Bathymetry: The foreshore here is flat and made up of sandy material. The depth here is no more than

1 fathom. The outer boundary of Magic Island is a man-made shore that may be basalt "blue rock". From this outer boundary the ocean depth ranges from 3 to 200 fathoms. There is a vast amount of coral reef found within the waters on the west and east side of this site, however there are no reefs directly in front of the site. The shallow ocean bottom

past the outer boundaries is made up of limestone.

Site 25: Kaka`ako Beach Park

Directions: Located off of Ala Moana Boulevard. Turn makai (toward the ocean) on Ohe Street and

proceed to the parking lot.

Parking: Paved parking lot is available.

Facilities: Public restrooms, phones, drinking water and shade are available. Handicapped

accessible.

Elevation: 20-60 feet

Comments: Good family area for viewing.

Bathymetry: Extending out to 650 yards from the sea wall, the ocean depth is approximately 3 fathoms.

The make-up of the nearshore ocean bottom is mainly limestone, however the majority of

the offshore ocean bottom is hard bottom.

The above 25 sites are approved sites for the annual Sanctuary Ocean Count on O'ahu. Occasionally other sites may be available. The Ocean Count Coordinator will be able to provide information on additional sites if they are available. Only those sites that are approved by the Ocean Count Coordinator will be included in the annual Sanctuary Ocean Count report.



VOLUNTEER CONTACT INFORMATION

EVENT DATE:				

NAME	HOME #	WORK #	OTHER #	E-MAIL ADDRESS

NOTES						



